A0. Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

GENERAL INFORMATION

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Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? X Yes No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: www.umassd.edu/oir/institutionalresearch/commondataset
A0A. We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refin CDS items.
Address Information Name of College or University University of Massachusetts Dartmouth Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 285 Old Westport Rd, Dartmouth, MA 02747-2300 Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country Main Phone Number (508) 999-8000 Main Fax Number (508) 999-8901 WWW Home Page Address www.umassd.edu Admissions Phone Number (508) 999-8605 Admissions Toll-free Number Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 285 Old Westport Rd, Dartmouth, MA 02747-2300 Admissions E-mail Address admissions@umassd.edu If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: _www.umassd.edu/apply If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
Source of institutional control (check one only)
X Public Private (nonprofit) Proprietary
Classify your undergraduate institution:
X Coeducational college Men's college Women's college
Academic year calendar
X Semester

Other (describe):							
Degrees offered by your institu	tion						
X Certificate Diploma Associate Transfer Terminal X Bachelor's	X Postbachelor's certificate X Master's X Post-master's certificate X Doctoral degree research/scholarship X Doctoral degree – professional practice Doctoral degree other						
B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE 1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as one institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2013. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first refessional" in the graduate cells.							
	FUI	LL-TIME	PA	RT-TIME			
	Men			Women			
Undergraduates							
Degree-seeking, first-time	816	682	13	8			
freshmen							
freshmen Other first-year, degreeseeking	230	184	61	115			
Other first-year, degree-	230	184	61 277	397			
Other first-year, degree- seeking							
Other first-year, degree- seeking All other degree-seeking	2356	2063	277	397			
Other first-year, degree-seeking All other degree-seeking Total degree-seeking All other undergraduates	2356	2063	277 351	397 520			
Other first-year, degree-seeking All other degree-seeking Total degree-seeking All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	2356 3402 28	2063 2929 14	277 351 104	397 520 89			
Other first-year, degree-seeking All other degree-seeking Total degree-seeking All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses Total undergraduates	2356 3402 28	2063 2929 14	277 351 104	397 520 89			
Other first-year, degree-seeking All other degree-seeking Total degree-seeking All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses Total undergraduates Graduate	2356 3402 28 3430	2063 2929 14 2943	277 351 104 455	397 520 89 609			
Other first-year, degree-seeking All other degree-seeking Total degree-seeking All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses Total undergraduates Graduate Degree-seeking, first-time	2356 3402 28 3430	2063 2929 14 2943	277 351 104 455	397 520 89 609			

Total all undergraduates:7437		
Total all graduate:1616	_	
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS:	9053	

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2013. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	5	77	123
Hispanic/Latino	152	513	516
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	203	839	847
White, non-Hispanic	953	4937	5013
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	1	16	16
Asian, non-Hispanic	57	236	238
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	1	3	4
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	67	262	264
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	80	319	416
Total	1519	7202	7437

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2012, to June 30, 2013.

Certificate/diploma	_28
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	_1241
Postbachelor's certificates	_55
Master's degrees	_357
Post-master's certificates	_2
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	_13
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	_103
Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2013 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2007 cohort if available. If Fall 2007 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2006 cohort.

Fall	L 2006	Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall **2006**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding

Fall 2007 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall **2007**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding

Fall 2006 .	Fall 2007 .
B4. Initial 2006 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:1768	B4. Initial 2007 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:1912
B5. Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: 5	B5. Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: 11
B6. Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:1763 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	B6. Final 2007 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:1901 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
B7. Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2010):559	B7. Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2011):575
B8 . Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2010 and by August 31, 2011):	B8 . Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012):
B9. Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012): 63	B9. Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013):
B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):879	B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):932
B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2006 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):49.9 %	B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2007 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):49.0 %
For Two-Y	ear Institutions
Please provide data for the 2010 cohort if available. If 2010	cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2009 cohort.
<u>2009 Cohort</u>	<u>2010 Cohort</u>
B12 . Initial 2009 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	B12 . Initial 2010 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	B13. Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2009 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)	B14. Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years	B15. Completers of programs of less than two years

duration (total):	duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:
in Fall 2012 (or the preceding summer term). The initial coh	or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered ort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official should be made.
B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent institution as freshmen in Fall 2012 (or the preceding s of the date your institution calculates its official enrolling the company of the date your institution calculates its official enrolling the company of the date your institution calculates its official enrolling the company of the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent institution as freshmen in Fall 2012 (or the preceding states).	ummer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 201 who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students.	3. Include early decision, early action, and students include only those students who fulfilled the actionable applications) and who have been notified of on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	_4076 _4043
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	_3045 _3049
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	_776 _13
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission recontingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Ye If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2013 admissions:	es X No
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted	
Is your waiting list ranked? If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?	
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion X High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required	n requirement for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-	preparatory program for degree-seeking students?
X Require Recommend Neither require nor recommend	

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	16	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	
Science	3	
Of these, units that must be lab	2	
Foreign language	2 of same language	
Social studies	1	
History	1 in US History	
Academic electives	2 in college prep courses	
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

R	acic	for	Sel	lection
v	asis	IUI	SCI	CCHOIL

Volunteer work Work experience

Level of applicant's interest

C6. Do you have an open admission pol equivalency diplomas are admitted which applies:				
Open admission policy as described Open admission policy as described selective admission for out-of selective admission to some p other (explain)	l above for most students, buf-state students brograms	ıt		
C7. Relative importance of each of the degree-seeking (freshman) admiss		nonacademic factor	rs in your first-tim	e, first-year,
	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record	\bowtie			
Class rank		Ħ	Ħ	\boxtimes
Academic GPA	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Ħ	Ħ	Ï
Standardized test scores	Ħ	Ħ	一	Ħ
Application Essay	Ä	Ħ	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Ħ
Recommendation	Π	Ī	$\overline{\square}$	Ī
Nonacademic	-	_		_
Interview				\boxtimes
Extracurricular activities			\boxtimes	
Talent/ability			\boxtimes	
Character/personal qualities			\boxtimes	
First generation			\boxtimes	
Alumni/ae relation			\boxtimes	
Geographical residence				\boxtimes
State residency				\boxtimes
Religious affiliation/commitment				\boxtimes
Racial/ethnic status				\bowtie

SAT and ACT Policies

C8.	Entrance	exams
00.	Direct direct	C2144111

A. Does your institution make use of SA degree-seeking applicants? X Yes		r SAT Subject T	est scores in admi	ssion decisions fo	or first-time, first-year,
If yes, place check marks in the appropriate Fall 2015.	riate boxes	below to reflect	your institution's p	policies for use in	admission for
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests				\boxtimes	
B. If your institution will make use of the Fall 2015 please indicate which ONE of admissions process: ACT with Writing component required ACT with Writing component recompact. ACT with or without Writing component. C. Please indicate how your institution.	f the follow ired mmended. ponent acce	ring applies (rega	ardless of whether	the writing score	will be used in the
		SAT es	say ACT essay	Į.	
For admission		S/IT es		<u>'</u>	
For placement		ᅥᅟᅟᅟᅟ			
For advising					
In place of an application ess	av				
As a validity check on the ap		sav 🗆			
No college policy as of now	prication es				
Not using essay component					
1vot using essay component					
D. In addition, does your institution use yes _X_ no	applicants'	test scores for a	cademic advising?		
E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT Latest date by which SAT Subject	Test scores	must be receive	d for fall-term adm	ission8/21	_
F. If necessary, use this space to claric not required of some students):					idents, or if tests are
G. Please indicate which tests your in	stitution use	es for placemen	t (e.g., state tests)	:	
SAT ACT SAT Subject Tests AP CLEP Institutional Exam					

State Exam (s	specify)	
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Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2013, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2013 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	96	Number submitting SAT scores	_1263
Percent submitting ACT scores	10	Number submitting ACT scores	127

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	480	580
SAT Math	500	600
SAT Writing	460	570
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	21	26
ACT Math		
ACT English		
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	2.5	2.6	1.7
600-699	16.9	22.6	13.9
500-599	44.7	50.3	44.3
400-499	33.2	23.5	36
300-399	2.5	1	4.2
200-299	.2	0	0
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	9.5		
24-29	37.8		
18-23	47.2		
12-17	5.5		
6-11	0		
Below 6	0		
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-ye each of the following ranges (report information information).					
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class Percent in top half of high school graduating class Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) studies	ss 46.2 80 ass 20 g class 2.7	} To		m half = 100%. s rank: 62.3	
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first- point averages within each of the following rang from whom you collected high school GPA.					
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	_24 _16 16.6 11.3				
	26.2 _5.3				
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	00%				
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, _3.35	, first-time,	first-year	(freshman) s	tudents who submitted GPA	:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) stud	lents who su	bmitted h	igh school GPA	A: 99.3%	
Admission Policies					
C13. Application fee					
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: _\$60 instate/ \$65 out of		X Yes	□ No		
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	?	X Yes	☐ No		
If you have an application fee and an on-line applica Same fee: _X Free: Reduced:	tion option,	please in	dicate policy	for students who apply on-li	ne:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants	with financ	ial need?	no		
C14. Application closing date					
Does your institution have an application closing dat Application closing date (fall): Priority date:	ate?	Yes	X No		
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for t	terms other	than the	fall? X Yes	□ No	
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision	sent (fill in	one only)			
On a rolling basis beginning (date): _1/1	•				
By (date):	_				

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date): No set date: _X Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): _first come, first serve basis Amount of housing deposit:\$200 Refundable if student does not enroll? _X Yes, in full until May 1 st Yes, in part No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ If yes, maximum period of postponement: _2 semesters
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? ☐ Yes ☐ No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes X No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2013 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date11/15 Early action notification date12/15
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes No

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

			D. IKAN	ISI LK ADMISS	1011		
Fall	Applicants	s					
D1.	(If no, pleas If yes, may	e skip to Section	earn advanced standir	_	Ting credits earne	d from course work c	completed at
D2.	Provide the 2013.	number of stude	nts who applied, were	admitted, and enro	lled as degree-see	king transfer students	in Fall
		Applicants	Admitted Applicar	nts Enrolled Ap	pplicants		
	Men	587	497	291			
	Women	607	537	299			
	Total	1194	1034	590			
	Yes X If yes, what	No is the minimum	X Spring ve a minimum number number of credits and f transfer students to ap	the unit of measure	?	oly as an entering free	shman?
			Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
	High scho	ol transcript				X	
	College tra	anscript(s)	X				
	Essay or p	ersonal statemer	it X				
	Interview						X
		zed test scores				X	
		of good standing institution(s)					X
D6.	If a minimun	n high school gra	ide point average is rec	quired of transfer a	oplicants, specify		

	(on a 4.0 scale): See D8
D7 .	If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):2.0

D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

<u>Up to 23 transferable credits and minimum GPA of 2.0. Then must submit SAT scores and high school transcript that meets</u> Freshmen standards

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall					X
Winter					
Spring					X
Summer					

D11 . D	escribe additional requir	ements for transfer ad	dmission, if applicable:	<u></u>
Trans	fer Credit Policies			
D12. R	eport the lowest grade ea	arned for any course the	that may be transferred for credit:C	
	Iaximum number of cred		ny be transferred from a two-year institution: No maximum	
	Taximum number of cred		ny be transferred from a four-year institution: No maximum	
D15. M	linimum number of credi	ts that transfers must	complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:	
	linimum number of credi	ts that transfers must	complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	
D17 D	escribe other transfer cre	edit nolicies:		

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those program	ns available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for	or definitions.
Accelerated program	X Honors program	
X Cooperative education program	X Independent study	
☐ Cross-registration X Distance learning	X Internships Liberal arts/career combination	
X Double major	Student-designed major	
X Dual enrollment	X Study abroad	
English as a Second Language (ESL)		
X Exchange student program (domestic)	☐ Weekend college	
External degree program	•	
Other (specify):		
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.		
E3. Areas in which all or most students are req	uired to complete some course work prior to gradu	ıation:
X Arts/fine arts	X Humanities	
☐ Computer literacy	X Mathematics	
X English (including composition)	X Philosophy	
Foreign languages	X Sciences (biological or physical)	
X History	X Social science	
Other (describe):		
Library Collections: The CDS publishers will coplace.	ollect library data again when a new Academic Lib	oraries Survey is in
	F. STUDENT LIFE	
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshmenrolled in Fall 2013 who fit the following of	nan) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking ur	ndergraduates
emoned in 1 un 2010 who lit the 1010 wing t	First-time, first-year	Undergraduates
	(freshman) students	8
Percent who are from out of state (exclude int	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
aliens from the numerator and denominator)	_4.1%	4.5%
Percent of men who join fraternities	_<1%	
Percent of women who join sororities	_<1%	
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated,		_55.5%
Percent who live off campus or commute	_20.6%	_44.5%
Percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students	0.2 18.6	14.2 21.1
Average age of full-time students Average age of all students (full- and part-time)		21.1
11. Stage age of all stadents (fall and part time	10.0	22.0

F2. Act	ivities offered Identify thos	e programs avail	able at your	r institution.	
	Campus Ministries X Choral groups X Concert band X Dance X Drama/theater X International Student Organization X Jazz band	X Literary mag Marching ba X Model UN X Music ensem X Musical theat Opera Pep band	and ables	X Radio station X Student government X Student newspaper Student-run film society X Symphony orchestra Television station X Yearbook	
F3. RO	TC (program offered in coo		serve Office		
	ny ROTC is offered: On campus X At cooperating institution al ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institut			llege _	
Air	Force ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institut	ion (name):			
	using: Check all types of contution.	llege-owned, -op	erated, or -a	affiliated housing available for undergraduates at you	ır
	X Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for marrie X Apartments for single s Other housing options available.	d students [tudents 2	Special I Fraternit Coopera X Theme ho X Wellness		

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: www.umassd.edu/financialaid/net-pricecalculator

Provide 2014-2015 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

7 Cl 11 'S ' 12 ' 1 2014 20	15 1		
Check here if your institution's 2014-20 approximate date (i.e., month/day) when available:June 2014			
List the typical tuition, required fees, an academic year (30 semester hours or 45 cost by number of credits). A full acade usually equated to two semesters, two treboard is defined as double occupancy archarges that all full-time students must prot include optional fees (e.g., parking,	d room and board for a full- quarter hours for institution mic year refers to the period imesters, three quarters, or t and 19 meals per week or the boay that are <i>not</i> included in t	time undergraduate student for the s that derive annual tuition by mul of time generally extending from he period covered by a four-one-f maximum meal plan. Required fo	Itiplying credit hou September to Jund our plan. Room an ees include only
	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	7
PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition:		1	
PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition: In-district:	\$1,417	\$1,417	
In-state (out-of-district):	\$1,417	\$1,417	
Out-of-state:	\$8,099	\$8,099	
NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:			
REQUIRED FEES:	\$10,264	\$10,264	
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	\$11,069	\$11,069	
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)	\$7,612	\$7,612	
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	\$3,822	\$3,822	
Comprehensive tuition and room and fees):	board fee (if your college ca	annot provide separate tuition and	room and board
Other: Out-of-state required fe	ees are \$16,520		
22. Number of credits per term a student	can take for the stated ful	1-time tuition 12minii	nummaximur
33. Do tuition and fees vary by year of st	udy (e.g., sophomore, junio	or, senior)?	X No
4. Do tuition and fees vary by undergra	duate instructional progra	m?	X No

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1? _____

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,200	\$1,200	\$1,200
Room only:			\$7,000
Board only:		\$700	\$3,000
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
Transportation:	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,000
Other expenses:	\$1,070	\$1,070	\$1,070

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$59.04
In-state (out-of-district):	\$59.04
Out-of-state:	\$337.46
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2012-2013 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2012-2013 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , ≥ 2013-2014 estimated or ≥ 2012-2013 final	H2A, and H6 below:
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding _X Federal methodology (FM) Institutional methodology (IM) Both FM and IM	institutional aid? (Formerly H3)

(Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	(Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
\$	\$
\$12,000,000	\$40,000
\$3,400,000	\$30,000
\$18,000,000	\$6,550,000
\$680,000	\$160,000
\$34,060,000	\$6,780,000
\$30,265,925	\$14,284,326
\$1,280,00	\$20,000
\$31,545,925	\$14,284,326
\$3,500,000	\$5,800,000
\$3,050,000	\$580,000
	\$12,000,000 \$3,400,000 \$18,000,000 \$680,000 \$34,060,000 \$30,265,925 \$1,280,00 \$31,545,925 \$3,500,000

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	unso de counted as fair time undergraduates.	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2013 cohort)	1,498	6,331	871
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1,368	5,404	439
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	1,159	4,579	377
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	1,159	4,579	377
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1,083	3,903	272
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1,083	4,354	356
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	56	169	6
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>)	570	2,381	172
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	90.0%	90.0%	84.0%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$16,370	\$16,048	\$10,834
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$10,207	\$9,324	\$4,002
1)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$7,312	\$8,519	\$8,415
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$6,585	\$7,746	\$8,197

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time	Full-time	Less Than
		Full-time	Undergrad	Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were	123	352	8
	awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude			
	those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and			
	grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$4,696	\$5,012	\$2,511
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-	0	0	0
	based athletic scholarship or grant			
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic			
	scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$0	\$0	\$0

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

Include:

- * 2013 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * those who transferred in.
- money borrowed at other institutions.
- H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.

 __81_%

H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans. _81_%

H5. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. \$29,311

H5a. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.\$ 24,507

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

Н6.	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking
	nonresident aliens:
	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
	Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:
	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$
	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$
Н7.	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
П	Institution's own financial aid form
	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
	International Student's Financial Aid Application
	International Student's Certification of Finances
	Other:

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other:
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:03/01 Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
a.) Students notified on or about (date):
b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no If yes, starting date:03/25
H11. Indicate reply dates:
Students must reply by (date): or within3 weeks of notification.
Types of Aid Available
Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. Loans
FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13. Scholarships and Grants
NEED-BASED: ☐ Federal Pell ☐ SEOG ☐ State scholarships/grants ☐ Private scholarships ☐ College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds ☐ United Negro College Fund ☐ Federal Nursing Scholarship ☐ Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X		Academics			Leadership
		Alumni affiliation	X		Minority status
		Art			Music/drama
		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills	X		State/district residency
X		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a						
certain income level please provide details below:						
 						

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2013. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	376	247	623
b.) Total number who are members of minority	71	16	87
groups			
c.) Total number who are women	158	140	298
d.) Total number who are men	218	107	325
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	23	4	27
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	344	111	455
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	29	63	92
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	1	26	27
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	2	47	49
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	48	30	78

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2013 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2013 Student to Faculty ratio: ____18.3____ to 1 (based on 7420.3 students and 406 faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2013 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2013. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	147	265	292	131	130	114	18	1097

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	22	74	72	34	6	2	1	211
SECTIONS								

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources and				3
conservation				
Architecture				4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies	3.6%			5
Communication/journalism				9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information			1.9%	11
sciences				
Personal and culinary services				12
Education			1.1%	13
Engineering			9.8%	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages, literatures, and			1.0%	16
linguistics				
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			3.6%	23
Liberal arts/general studies			5.7%	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			4.5%	26
Mathematics and statistics			.3%	27
Military science and military				28 and 29
technologies				
Interdisciplinary studies			.3%	30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			.8%	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			1.3%	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			6.6%	42
Homeland Security, law				43
enforcement, firefighting, and				
protective services				
Public administration and social				44
services				
Social sciences			9.9%	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48

Transportation and materials				49
moving				
Visual and performing arts	7.1%		8.2%	50
Health professions and related	82.1%		12.2%	51
programs				
Business/marketing	7.1%		30.2%	52
History			2.7%	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- *Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the

program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad.**

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.